## GENERATOR INTERCONNECTION FEASIBILITY STUDY REPORT

for integration of the proposed

750 kW

**IPC PROJECT QUEUE #548** 

to the

## IDAHO POWER COMPANY ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

for

**REPORT 1.0** 

July 31, 2019

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# **Revision History**

Date	Revision	Initials	Summary of Changes
7/31/19	0	PTP	FeSR GI #548 – Original issue.

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1.0 Introduction
has contracted with Idaho Power Company (IPC) to perform a Generator Interconnection Feasibility Study for the integration of the proposed 750 kW  project (the Project). The Project is located in IPC's Eastern Region at in a limit of the proposed, and the project is located in IPC's Eastern Region at (See Figure 2: Primary POI of and alternative POI at the project is Generation Interconnect queue number 548 (GI #548).
The Project has applied to connect to the IPC distribution system for an injection of 750 kW at single Point of Interconnection (POI) at a distribution voltage lever. The POI is located 19.1 miles from the Lemhi ( ) substation at .
This report documents the basis for and the results of this feasibility study for the GI #548 Generation Interconnection Customer. The report describes the proposed project, the determination of project interconnection feasibility and estimated costs for integration of the Project to the Idaho Power System. This report satisfies the feasibility study requirements of the Idaho Power Tariff.
2.0 Summary
The feasibility of interconnecting the 750 kW project to IPC's substation was evaluated.
The proposed primary and alternative POI provided is in service territory.
is a lightly loaded feeder that already hosts a 400 kW hydro electric generator near the GI#548 POI. The addition of 750 kW  GI#548 will closely match the load on and will require the installation of a deadline check at the substation.
The primary POI ( ) is currently served by single phase 12.47 kV distribution, a 1.5 mile extension of 3 phase #4 ACSR conductor will be required.
The alternate POI ( phase distribution circuit, a 400' extension of 3 phase  #4 ACSR conductor will be required.
The preliminary power flow analysis indicated that interconnecting the project to is feasible.
The Project will be required to control voltage in accordance with a voltage schedule as provid by Idaho Power Grid Operations.
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A Transmission System Impact Study is required to determine if any additional network upgrades are required to integrate the Project into the IPC transmission system and to evaluate system impacts such as thermal, voltage, transient stability, and reactive margin. Generator interconnection service, either as an Energy Resource or a Network Resource, does not in any way convey any right to deliver electricity to any specific customer or point of delivery.

Additionally, a Distribution System Impact Study will be required.

The total preli	minary cost estimate to interc	connect the		project to the
primary POI a	nt	on		substation is \$670,874
and includes t	he following tasks:			
<ul><li>Install POI</li></ul>	a four-pole		generation interco	nnection package at the
0	This includes an SEL-421 pr CTs, and remote connectivit		lay, which requires	s 3-phase PTs, 3-phase
0	Additionally, a single-phase for deadline check	PT shall be feeder at the		substation
	a parallel from the nearest 3 phase	#4		n for approximately ce to the POI.
alternative PC	minary cost estimate to intercol at or he following tasks:			project to the substation is \$327,451
<ul><li>Install POI</li></ul>	a four-pole		generation interco	nnection package at the
0	This includes an SEL-421 pt CTs, and remote connectivit		lay, which requires	s 3-phase PTs, 3-phase
0	Additionally, a single-phase for deadline check	PT shall be feeder at the		ne side of the substation
	the existing rom the nearest 3 phase			ction for approximately to the alternative POI.
general overh	nate includes direct equipment eads, and a 20% contingency customer will be based on the	allowance.	These are cost est	imates only and final

noted that the preliminary cost estimates do not include the cost of the customer's owned equipment to construct the generation site or required communication circuits.

#### 3.0 **Scope of Interconnection Feasibility Study**

The Interconnection Feasibility Study was done and prepared in accordance with Idaho Power Company Standard Generator Interconnection Procedures to provide a preliminary evaluation of the feasibility of the interconnection of the proposed generating project to the Idaho Power

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system. As listed in the Interconnection Feasibility Study agreement, the Interconnection Feasibility Study report provides the following information:

- preliminary identification of any circuit breaker short circuit capability limits exceeded as a result of the interconnection:
- preliminary identification of any thermal overload or voltage limit violations resulting from the interconnection; and
- preliminary description and non-binding estimated cost of facilities required to interconnect the Small Generating Facility to the IPC system and to address the identified short circuit and power flow issues.

All other proposed generation projects prior to the Project in the Generator Interconnect queue were considered in this study. A current list of these projects can be found in the Generation Interconnection folder located on the Idaho Power web site at the link shown below:

http://www.oatioasis.com/ipco/index.html.

4.0	Description of Proposed Generating Project
	, GI #548, consists of a single POI with a 750 kW 3 phase
	ronous generator and has requested to connect to Idaho Power's
studie	requested that 750 kW injection at the POI be d.
5.0	Description of Transmission Facilities
consid	ninary power flow analysis indicated that interconnection of a 750 kW injection at the POI dered in this study is feasible. A Transmission System Impact Study will be required to nine the specific network upgrades required to integrate the full project output of 750 kW.
6.0	Description of Substation Facilities
Idaho	Power's station is located in County, Idaho. station is fed by a 69-kV transmission line. The substation
transf	ormer feeding , T061, is a three-
phase	69-36.2/20.9 kV delta wye-grounded transformer rated for 6.25 MVA.
feede	T061 currently serves two distribution cs:
7.0	Description of Distribution Facilities
	roject was studied with a connection to  . This is a grounded-wye feeder operating at  . The Project must have a grounded-wye transformer connection on C side, as well as a wye connection on the Project side of the transformer.
Refer	to Appendix A, Section 3, for additional grounding requirements.
750 kV	Project
	lity Study Report 3
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,	This report contains Idaho Power Company Critical Energy Infrastructure Information

## 8.0 Short Circuit Study Results

Fault Duty at

SLG Fault (A) 196.73

LL Fault (A) 129.1

3PH Fault (A) 167.02

The fault current contribution from the synchronous generators does not exceed any circuit breaker rating.

## 9.0 Description of Required Facility Upgrades

A Distribution System Impact Study will be required to evaluate distribution operational concerns, mitigation options, and costs if the Project chooses to continue to the next phase of the study process.

The following upgrades will be required to IPC-owned facilities to facilitate the interconnection of GI #548:

- Install a four-pole generation interconnection package at the POI
  - This includes an SEL-421 protective relay, which requires 3-phase PTs, 3-phase CTs, and remote connectivity
  - O Additionally, a single-phase PT shall be installed on the line side of the feeder at the substation for deadline check
- Primary POI: Build a parallel #4 ACSR line section for approximately 8125' from the nearest 3 phase POI.
- Alternate POI: Extend the existing #4 ACSR line section for approximately 400' from the nearest 3 phase alternative POI.

See the conceptual-level cost estimate in Table 1 and Table 2.

Table 1 Conceptual-level Primary POI Cost Estimate for GI #548

Item of Work	<b>Estimate</b>
Generation interconnection and protection package	\$ 203,000
Substation upgrades	\$ 11,600
Distribution upgrades	\$ 272,600
Transmission upgrades	\$ TBD
Unloaded costs	\$ 487,200
20% Contingency (1)	\$ 97,440
Total unloaded costs	\$ 584,640
50 kW	

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Item of Work	<b>Estimate</b>
Overheads (2)	\$ 86,234
<b>Total Conceptual-level Cost Estimate in 2019 dollars (3)</b>	\$ 670,874

<sup>(1)</sup> Contingency is added to cover the unforeseen costs in the estimate. These costs can include unidentified design components, material cost increases, labor estimate shortfalls, etc.

Table 2 Conceptual-level Alternate POI Cost Estimate for GI #548

Item of Work	Estimate
Generation interconnection and protection package	\$ 203,000
Substation upgrades	\$ 11,600
Distribution upgrades	\$ 23,200
Transmission upgrades	\$ TBD
Unloaded costs	\$ 237,800
20% Contingency (1)	\$ 47,560
Total unloaded costs	\$ 285,360
Overheads (2)	\$ 42,091
<b>Total Conceptual-level Cost Estimate in 2019 dollars (3)</b>	\$ 327,451

<sup>(1)</sup> Contingency is added to cover the unforeseen costs in the estimate. These costs can include unidentified design components, material cost increases, labor estimate shortfalls, etc.

- Note that these estimates do not include the cost of the customer's equipment/facilities.
- Note that the overhead rates are subject to change during the year.
- These are estimated costs only and final charges to the customer will be based on the actual construction costs incurred.
- These are non-binding conceptual level cost estimates that will be further refined upon the request and completion of Transmission and Distribution Facility Studies.

## **10.0** Description of Operating Requirements

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<sup>(2)</sup> Overhead costs cover the indirect costs associated with the Project.

<sup>(3)</sup> This cost estimate includes direct equipment, material, labor, overheads, and contingency as shown.

<sup>(2)</sup> Overhead costs cover the indirect costs associated with the Project.

<sup>(3)</sup> This cost estimate includes direct equipment, material, labor, overheads, and contingency as shown.

The Project shall be capable of injecting reactive power (over-excited) equal to 366.7 kVAR and absorbing reactive power (under-excited) equal to 208.3 kVAR at all active power output between 20% and 100% of nameplate active power rating as defined in IEEE 1547-2018 Category A reactive power capability and shown in Figure 1.

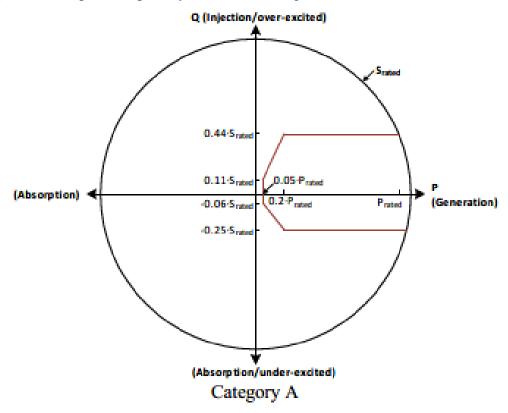
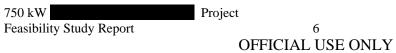


Figure 1 Operating requirements (IEEE 1547-2018)

Idaho Power has determined that the generation equipment selected by the Project does not meet the reactive power capability requirements according to the information provided in the generator interconnection application, clarification of generator specifications is requested. To proceed to the System Impact Study an updated single line, generator capability curve, and generator nameplate will be required.

The Project will be required to control voltage in accordance with a voltage schedule as provided by Idaho Power Grid Operations.

Voltage flicker at startup and during operation will be limited to less than 5% as measured at the POI. The allowable voltage flicker limit is further reduced during operation due to multiple voltage fluctuations per hour or minute, per Idaho Power's T&D Advisory Information Manual.



The Project is required to comply with the applicable voltage fluctuation limits found in IEEE Standard 1453-2004 *IEEE Recommended Practice for Measurement and Limits of Voltage Fluctuations and Associated Light Flicker on AC Power Systems*.

The project is required to comply with the applicable Voltage and Current Distortion Limits found in IEEE Standard 519-2014 *IEEE Recommended Practices and Requirements for Harmonic Control in Electrical Power Systems*.

Additional operating requirements for the Project may be identified in the System Impact Study when it is performed.

## 11.0 Conclusion

11.0 Conclusion
The requested interconnection of the project, GI #548, to Idaho  Power's system was studied. The project will interconnect to distribution voltage level.
The results of this study confirm that it is feasible to interconnect the project, GI #548, to the Idaho Power system with the identified upgrades. A four-pole generation interconnect package at the POI, adding 8125' or 400' of #4 ACSR parallel line section for primary or alternate POI respectively, and deadline check at the substation are required to integrate the 750 kW project. A Transmission and Distribution System Impact Study is required to determine the specific transmission network upgrades required to integrate the project as a Network Resource and to evaluate the system impacts such as thermal overload, voltage, transient stability, and reactive margin.
All generation projects in the area ahead of the Project in the IPC generation interconnection queue and their associated transmission system improvements were modeled in a preliminary power flow analysis to evaluate the feasibility of interconnecting GI #548. The results and conclusions of this feasibility study are based on the realization of these projects in the unique queue/project order.
The estimated cost to interconnect GI #548 to the IPC system at the feeder at the point of interconnection considered in this study is approximately \$670,874 at the primary POI and \$327,451 at the alternate POI.
Generator interconnection service, either as an Energy Resource or a Network Resource, does not in any way convey any right to deliver electricity to any specific customer or point of delivery. Transmission requirements to integrate the Project will be determined during the System Impact Study phase of the generator interconnection process.

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#### APPENDIX A

## A-1.0 Method of Study

For distribution feeder analysis, Idaho Power utilizes DNV GL's Synergi software and EPRI's OpenDSS software.

## A-2.0 Acceptability Criteria

The following acceptability criteria were used in the power flow analysis to determine under which system configuration modifications may be required:

The continuous rating of equipment is assumed to be the normal thermal rating of the equipment. This rating will be as determined by the manufacturer of the equipment or as determined by Idaho Power. Less than or equal to 100% of continuous rating is acceptable.

Idaho Power's Voltage Operating Guidelines were used to determine voltage requirements on the system. This states, in part, that distribution voltages, under normal operating conditions, are to be maintained within plus or minus 5% (0.05 per unit) of nominal at each meter or POI on the feeder. Therefore, voltages greater than or equal to 0.95 pu voltage and less than or equal to 1.05 pu voltage are acceptable.

Voltage flicker during the starting or stopping of the generator will be limited to less than 5% as measured at the POI. Allowable voltage flicker limit is further reduced during operation due to multiple voltage fluctuations per hour or minute, per Idaho Power's T&D Advisory Information Manual.

Idaho Power's Reliability Criteria for System Planning was used to determine proper transmission system operation.

All customer generation must meet IEEE 519, IEEE1453, IEEE1547, and ANSI C84.1 Standards.

All other applicable national and Idaho Power standards and prudent utility practices were used to determine the acceptability of the configurations considered. The stable operation of the system requires an adequate supply of volt-amperes reactive (VArs) to maintain a stable voltage profile under both steady-state and dynamic system conditions. An inadequate supply of VArs will result in voltage decay or even collapse under the worst conditions.

Equipment/line/path ratings used will be those that are in use at the time of the study or that are represented by IPC upgrade projects that are either currently under construction or whose

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budgets have been approved for construction in the near future. All other potential future ratings are outside the scope of this study. Future transmission changes may, however, affect current facility ratings used in the study.

## **A-3.0** Grounding Guidance

IPC requires interconnected transformers to limit their ground fault current to 20 amps at the Point of Interconnection.

## **A-4.0 Electrical System Protection Guidance**

IPC requires electrical system protection per <u>Requirements for Generation Interconnections</u> found on the Idaho Power Web site,

http://www.idahopower.com/pdfs/BusinessToBusiness/facilityRequirements.pdf

# A-5.0 WECC Coordinated Off-Nominal Frequency Load Shedding and Restoration Requirements

IPC requires frequency operational limits to adhere to WECC Under-frequency and Over-frequency Limits per the <u>WECC Coordinated Off-Nominal Frequency Load Shedding and</u> Restoration Requirements available upon request.

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B-1.0 GI Project #548 Site Location

Figure 2 Primary POI of - GI #548

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