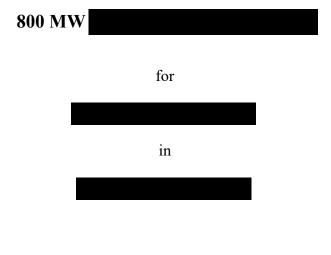


Generator Interconnection Facility Study Report

for the



April 07, 2023

FACILITY STUDY REPORT (FSR)

800 MW

Project #616 April 07, 2023

1. General Facility Description

LLC ("Interconnection Customer") has stated that the proposed project will consist of an 800 MWac Wind/battery energy storage system (BESS) and connect to the at Idaho Power Company (IPC)'s in Twin Falls County, Idaho. The total project output as studied is 800 MW.

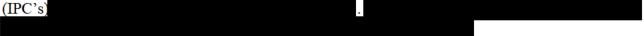
Contact Information for Interconnection Customer is as follows:



A Standard Large Generator Interconnection Agreement (the "LGIA") under IPC's Open Access Transmission Tariff (OATT) between Interconnection Customer and IPC – Delivery (Transmission Provider) for the 800 MW sector (Transmission), specifically Generator Interconnection Project #616 ("Project"), will be prepared for this project. The LGIA will be a definitive agreement that contains terms and conditions that supersedes this FSR.

Project Queue and Affected Systems:

The Project has applied to connect to the Idaho Power's transmission system for an injection of 800 MW at a single Point of Interconnection (POI) at 345kV at Idaho Power Company's



If an earlier queue project that is responsible for providing additional transmission capacity should drop out of the queue, a later queue project that may have been relying on at least a portion of any "surplus" capacity may then be faced with additional project costs for transmission capacity additions of their own. As of the date of this report, there are projects in the queue (GI #530, GI #549, GI #551, GI #557, GI #567, GI #570, GI #588, GI #590, GI #604, GI #605, and GI #614) ahead of the 800 MW Salmon Falls Wind 2 Project for which costs related to transmission capacity upgrades or additions could be passed on to the Project should changes be made to their queue position or generation output. GI #614 and GI #616 were studied exclusive of one another and only one of them can be constructed.

The recommended upgrades for GI #530, GI #549, GI #551, GI #557, GI #567, GI #570, GI #588, GI #590, GI #604, and GI #605were assumed to be completed prior to the interconnection of the Project.

1.1 Interconnection Point

The Interconnection Facilities are located in IPC's	region in Township , Range
and Section . The Point of Interconnection ("POI") f	for the Project will be at the
on IPC's side of	, where the bus connects to the node
by . A drawing identifyin	g the POI is attached as Exhibit 1.

1.2 Point of Change of Ownership

The Point of Change of Ownership for the Project will be on the Interconnection Customer's side of the contract of Change of Ownership is attached as Exhibit 1.

1.3 Interconnection Customer's Facilities

The Interconnection Customer's Facilities are located approximately miles away from IPC's Interconnection Facilities. The Interconnection Customer will install 246 wind turbines, 156 better batteries, inverters, disconnect switches, distribution collector system, transformers (including four main step-up transformers), controllers, appropriate grounding measures, and associated auxiliary equipment. The main step-up transformers are two MVA, two MVA and one 1 MVA GSU

transformers. Interconnection Customer will build facilities to the Point of Change of Ownership.

The Interconnection Customer's system will be constructed as follows:

- 1. 345kV transmission line (Project to POCO)
- 2. MVA GSU transformers
- 3. 276 wind turbines
- 4. 156 batteries
- 5. A plant controller will be used to control the inverter system and to implement smart inverter functionality for operating the project within a voltage range and power factor specified by IPC at the Point of Interconnection.

The above referenced inverters, or equivalent inverters that have the same specifications and functionality as stated above must be utilized. If a different inverter is utilized that has different specifications and functionality than that which was studied then additional study and/or equipment may be necessary.

This project is combined Wind and Battery Energy Storage System (BESS) and it has been assumed that the BESS will be charged via the wind generation output.

will need to demonstrate the operating procedures and control measures which prevents the BESS from being charged via IPC's transmission system.

1.4 Other Facilities Provided by Interconnection Customer

1.4.1 Telecommunications

The Interconnection Customer is not responsible for any third party communication circuits for the IPC Interconnection Facilities. Any additional telecommunication requirements will be the sole responsibility of the Interconnection Customer.

1.4.2 Ground Fault Equipment

The Interconnection Customer will install transformer configurations that will provide a ground source to the transmission system.

1.4.3 Generator Output Limit Control

The Interconnection Customer will install equipment to receive signals from IPC Grid Operations for Generation Output Limit Control ("GOLC") - see Section 3 Operating Requirements and Appendix A. IPC's recommended method of communication for GOLC is via fiber between the interconnection station and the Project.

1.4.4 Local Service

The Interconnection Customer is responsible to arrange for local service to their site, as necessary.

1.4.5 Property

This project will require an expansion of the existing IPC . The yard will need to be expanded by approximately feet to the west and approximately to the east of the existing yard. Additionally, 0.5 acres of land will be needed for the new .

The Interconnect Customer will acquire and then transfer ownership to IPC, the property for IPC's interconnection station yard expansion and microwave site. The interconnection station will be owned and maintained by IPC. The Interconnection Customer, at its sole cost and expense, will provide to IPC documents and services as identified below relating to IPC's land rights required for its interconnection facilities:

1.4.5.1 Land Transaction Documents

Land transaction documents ("Land Transaction Documents") in a form approved by IPC that may include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Right of Entry Agreement;
- Fee ownership parcel ("Fee Ownership Parcel") conveyance pursuant to a Warranty Deed;
- Purchase and Sale Agreement;
- Access Easement;
- Easements for distribution service lines, major distribution power lines, and transmission power lines and related ancillary facilities as determined necessary by IPC at IPC's sole discretion, to support the interconnection facility and Interconnection Customer's development;
- Completed Applications with respective fees for Release of Easements and/or Crossing Agreements that may be required for the Project;
- Crossing Agreements; and
- Any other Project specific documents deemed necessary by IPC.

1.4.5.2 Project Map/Site Plan

If required a 90% complete informational map or site plan of the Project Property with locations of all easements to be released, new easements proposed for both Interconnection Customer and IPC, existing IPC lines to be crossed by Interconnection Customer's facilities, Interconnection Customer's lease and easement areas (if any), access roads, and any other features or elements requested to be included by IPC to facilitate review and processing of the project documents.

1.4.5.3 Surveyed Legal Descriptions and Maps

Written legal description and map for each Land Transaction Document, stamped and signed by a licensed surveyor. Each legal description and map is to be submitted to and approved by IPC's surveyor. See IPC survey requirements in Appendix B, attached hereto and made a part hereof.

1.4.5.4 Title Insurance

Title report and American Land Title Association (A.L.T.A.) extended owners' pro forma policy of title insurance for the amount of the value of the Fee Ownership Parcel and access easement areas. Interconnection Customer shall provide proof and information to establish the value of the property to be insured. IPC will review the title policy pro forma and will advise of any necessary title mitigation measures to ensure clear and unencumbered title to the Fee Ownership Parcel and access easement areas. Title mitigation measures shall be performed by Interconnection Customer at Interconnection Customer's sole cost and expense. Title policy to include endorsements as required by IPC at Interconnection Customer's sole cost and expense. Interconnection Customer to provide an electronic copy of all exceptions to title insurance for IPC review. Interconnection Customer to provide Idaho Power with a final A.L.T.A. extended owners' policy of title insurance.

1.4.5.5 A.L.T.A. Survey

An A.L.T.A. survey of the Project property with all existing IPC easement rights and facilities identified. The A.L.T.A. survey shall include and identify all proposed land transaction areas. Interconnection Customer shall provide an A.L.T.A. survey of the Fee Ownership Parcel to be conveyed to IPC and all Land Transactions.

1.4.5.6 Phase I Environmental Analysis

A Phase I environmental analysis ("Phase I EA") of Interconnection Customer's Project property (whether fee-owned, leased, or on an easement premises) for IPC review. The Phase I EA shall provide a map indicating the location of the IPC Interconnection Facilities in relation to any identified areas of concern. Interconnection Customer shall provide a Phase 1 EA in IPC's name with warranties for IPC.

1.4.5.7 Land Use Authorizations/Permits

The Interconnection Customer shall secure all necessary local jurisdiction, state, and/or federal land use authorizations and permits, including conditional use permits, for the IPC Interconnection Facilities, access road, new transmission and distribution lines, buildings, and all facilities in support of Interconnection Customer's Project, as required by local, state or federal entities. A copy of each authorization pertaining to IPC facilities shall be provided to IPC.

1.4.5.8 Land Division

Should a division of land be necessary to create a new Fee Ownership Parcel, Interconnection Customer shall submit application to the proper local jurisdiction and complete all requirements to finalize the creation of a new Fee Ownership Parcel in IPC's name. Interconnection Customer shall provide final approval documentation to IPC. Interconnection Customer is advised that IPC review and approval of the Land Transaction Documents may require six (6) to nine (9) months. Interconnection Customer is advised to provide all required Land Transaction Documents at earliest possible time. Refer to Appendix C for a quick reference guide to Idaho Power Corporate Real Estate Fee Acquisition and/or Easement Parcel requirements. Upon IPC approval of all Land Transaction Documents, IPC will supply to the Interconnection Customer final form documents for signature by the land owner of record. The Interconnection Customer shall return original signed and recorded Land Transaction Documents to IPC. All recording and mailing fees shall be paid by Interconnection Customer. IPC shall provide to Interconnection Customer electronic copies of all fully executed and recorded Land Transaction documents.

1.4.6 Site Work

The Interconnection Customer will provide; property, property access and site plan. IPC will perform land clearing and grading for IPC's interconnection station.

1.4.7 Monitoring Information

If the Interconnection Customer requires the ability to monitor information related to the IPC breaker/relay (i.e., Mirrored Bits) in the interconnection station, they are required to supply their own communications circuit. The fiber communication circuit used for GOLC is acceptable.

1.4.7 Generator Technical Information & Drawings

Interconnection Customer shall provide draft design prints during Project design development containing technical information, like impedances, and equipment brand and models. After construction, the Interconnection Customer shall submit to IPC all the as-built information, including prints with the latest approved technical information and commissioning test results.

1.4.9 Meteorological Data

In order to integrate the wind energy into the IPC system, the Interconnection Customer will provide weather data to IPC from the proposed Project site or from a location within two miles of the Project site consisting of the following near real-time weather parameters that will be collected via each meteorological observation tower at 10 m & 80 m above ground: Wind Speed (miles/seconds), Wind Direction, Air Temperature (degrees Centigrade), along with Relative Humidity, and Barometric Pressure. This data shall be provided to IPC hourly via commonly accepted electronic web service standards or similar communication method. Specific meteorological data must also be sent over the communication circuit as identified in Appendix A. The Interconnection Customer will provide relevant historical meteorological data to IPC. Additionally, the Interconnection Customer shall submit to IPC the physical and technical specifications for all meteorological measurement devices, geographic locations and technical specifications of all turbines. The associated cost for obtaining this data is the Interconnection Customer responsibility and therefore not included in the Facility Study estimate.

1.5 IPC's Interconnection Facilities

Transmission Provider's Interconnection Facilities are referred to hereafter as "IPC's Interconnection Facilities." IPC will install at the Station, one ION 8650A meter, one dead-end structure, one 345kV air-break switch, three CTs, required foundations, bus, bus supports and fiber communication equipment to allow the Interconnection Customer to interconnect the Project. IPC will install facilities up to the Point of Change of Ownership.

IPC will install equipment to collect and transmit Phasor Measurement Unit (PMU) data to IPC. The data can be made available to the Interconnection Customer on request.

The minimum acceptable PMU message rate is 30 messages per second. The minimum set of PMU measurement channels recorded at the POI is shown below. Additional or substitute channels may be required on a per case basis depending on the interconnection configuration and facility design details.

- Frequency
- Frequency Delta (dF/dt)
- Positive Sequence Voltage Magnitude
- Positive Sequence Voltage Angle
- Positive Sequence Current Magnitude
- Positive Sequence Current Angle

2. Estimated Milestones

These milestones will begin, and the construction schedule referenced below will only be valid, upon receipt of funding from Interconnection Customer or its authorized third party no later than the date set forth below for such payment. IPC will not commit any resources toward project construction that have not been funded by Interconnection Customer. Additionally, failure by Interconnection Customer to make the required payments as set forth in this Study by the date(s) specified below may result in the loss of milestone dates and construction schedules set forth below. In the event that the Interconnection Customer is unable to meet dates as outlined below, Interconnection Customer may request an extension of the Operation Date of up to three (3) years. Interconnection Customer's request will be evaluated by IPC to ensure Interconnection Customer's request does not negatively impact other projects in IPC's Generator Interconnection Queue. Such extension will be allowed only if IPC determines, in its sole discretion, that the extension will not negatively impact other projects in IPC's Generator Interconnection Queue. Estimated milestones, which will be updated and revised for inclusion in the LGIA in light of subsequent developments and conditions, are as follows:

Estimated Date	Responsible Party	Estimated Milestones
[DATE]	Interconnection Customer	IPC receives Notice to Proceed for design, procurement and construction.
		Construction funding or arrangements acceptable to IPC are made with IPC's Credit Department
26 months after construction funds received	IPC	IPC Engineering and Design Complete

24 months after construction funds received	Interconnection Customer	All Land Acquisitions complete and transferred over to IPC
32 months after construction funds received	IPC	IPC Long Lead Material Procured/Received
6 months prior to IPC Commissioning	IPC	New generation must be modeled and submitted to the Western Energy Imbalance Market a minimum of 6 months prior to coming online, failure to submit by given lead time will results in project delay.
40 months after construction funds received	IPC	IPC Construction Complete
41 months after construction funds received	IPC	IPC Commissioning Complete Back feed power is available
5 days after switching request made to IPC Dispatch	Interconnection Customer	Switch at the Point of Interconnection can be closed
TBD	Interconnection Customer	Interconnection Customer testing begins

IPC does not warrant or guarantee the foregoing estimated milestone dates, which are estimates only. These milestone dates assume, among other things, that materials can be timely procured, labor resources are available, and that outages to the existing transmission system are available to be scheduled. Additionally, there are several matters, such as permitting issues and the performance of subcontractors that are outside the control of IPC that could delay the estimated Operation Date. For purposes of example only, federal, state, or local permitting, land division approval, identification of Interconnection Facilities location, access to proposed Interconnection Facilities location for survey and geotechnical investigation, coordination of design and construction with the Interconnection Customer, failure of IPC's vendors to timely perform services or deliver goods, and delays in payment from Interconnection Customer, may result in delays of any estimated milestone and the Operation Date of the project. To the extent any of the foregoing are outside of the reasonable control of IPC, they shall be deemed Force Majeure events.

3. Operating Requirements

The Project is required to comply with the applicable Voltage and Current Distortion Limits found in IEEE Standard 519-2014 *IEEE Recommended Practices and requirements for harmonic Control in Electrical Power Systems* or any subsequent standards as they may be updated from time to time.

The Project will be subject to reductions directed by IPC Grid Operations during transmission system contingencies and other reliability events. When these conditions occur, the Project will be subject to Generator Output Limit Control ("GOLC") and will have equipment capable of receiving an analog setpoint via DNP 3.0 from IPC for GOLC. Generator Output Limit Control will be accomplished with a setpoint and discrete output control from IPC to the Project indicating maximum output allowed. For more detail see Appendix A.

Low Voltage Ride Through: The Project must be capable of riding through faults on adjacent sections of the power system without tripping due to low voltage. The interconnection projects must meet or exceed the Low Voltage Ride-Through requirements as set forth in NERC Standard PRC-024.

Frequency Response Requirements: Generator must be capable of providing Fast Frequency Response for both positive and negative frequency deviations from 60Hz (+/- 0.036 Hz) for Bulk Electric System disturbances. The required frequency response will be linear for a deviation of 0 to +/- 0.1 Hz, a response of 0% to 3% of generator capacity, with a maximum required response of 3% of generator's full capacity for as long as the generator is able to provide support or the frequency deviation is reduced to within stated limits, whichever occurs first. Provided that Generator meets the above Fast Frequency Response requirements, Company shall not curtail Interconnection Customer when such curtailments are caused by a need to comply with applicable Frequency Responsive reliability standards.

Momentary Cessation Requirements: Momentary cessation should not be used within the voltage and frequency ride-through curves specified in PRC-024. Use of momentary cessation is not considered "ride through" within the "No Trip" zone curves of PRC-024. The use of momentary cessation should be eliminated to the extent possible consistent with NERC's *Reliability Guideline for BPS-Connected Inverter-Based Resource Performance*.

Interconnection Customer will be able to modify power plant facilities on the Interconnection Customer side of the Point of Change of Ownership with no impact upon the operation of the transmission or distribution system whenever the generation facilities are electrically isolated from the system via the disconnect switch and a terminal clearance is issued by IPC's Grid Operator.

4. Reactive Power

It is the Project's responsibility to provide reactive power capability to have a power factor operating range of at least 0.95 leading (absorbing) to at least 0.95 lagging (supplying) at the high side of the generator substation over the range of real power output (up to maximum output of the project).

The Project must have equipment capable of receiving an analog setpoint, via DNP 3.0, from IPC for Voltage Control. IPC will issue an operating voltage schedule for the Project at the time the LGIA is executed. For more detail see Appendix A.

5. Upgrades

5.1 Upgrades to Distribution System

No distribution network upgrades are required.

5.2 Network Upgrades to Substations

Station ring bus will be expanded to add a new line terminal to the The ring in order to connect the developer's new interconnection line. will be added to the existing ring bus to accommodate the addition of the new interconnection line terminal and GI #549 re-termination. The GI #549 transmission line line will be re-terminated with the ring bus expansion. will be added to accommodate the near the Interconnection Customer's line terminal. The expansion addition of a will include one 345kV line bay, with two steel dead-end structures, one 35MVAR shunt line reactor, two 345kV circuit breakers, four 345kV air-break switches, six CCVTs, and associated bus supports, foundations, relaying, communications, and control equipment will be installed in the station yard and building. Work includes the removal of existing bus and fence and the relocation of the GI #549 transmission line terminal. The footprint of the station yard will be expanded which will require additional grading and expansion of the grounding grid as well as the additional land will need to be purchased. This construction is all contingent upon the successful transfer of the property to IPC. Cost of the land not included in the estimate.

The relocation of GI #549 interconnect and tie line facilities will require coordination and is contingent on GI #549's outage schedule. At this time the cost of this re-location is unknown and is not included in the estimated cost listed in this report. The Interconnection Customer will be responsible for all cost associated with the relocation of GI #549.

As noted in the system impact study report approximately 575 MW project generation tripping RAS for loss of the line will be implemented on this project. This will require the installation of additional communication equipment.

At the second Station, a new second three legged lattice microwave tower with two new microwave dishes and two new waveguide runs into the existing building will be installed. A new second radio terminal, second battery bank with charger and new dual multiplex panel to be installed at the existing control house.

site will need to be constructed. This site will need a A new of prefabricated shelter with propane genset and land, a buried three legged lattice microwave tower with four microwave dishes propane tank, new and four new waveguide runs on the existing tower will need to be installed. A new waveguide, radio terminal, battery bank with charger, new dual multiplex switch to be installed at the new prefabricated shelter. The panel and new footprint of this new site will require grading as well as the additional land will need to be purchased. This construction is all contingent upon the successful transfer of the property to IPC. Cost of the land not included in the estimate.

At the Microwave site, two new microwave dishes will need to be installed on the existing tower. Two new waveguide runs into the existing building and one new microwave radio terminal will need to be installed.

5.3 Network Upgrades to Transmission System

No Transmission line network upgrades are required.

6. Estimated Costs

The following good faith estimates are provided in 2023 dollars and are based on a number of assumptions and conditions. IPC does not warrant or guarantee the estimated costs in the table below, which are estimates only and are subject to change. Interconnection Customer will be responsible for all actual costs incurred in connection with the work to be performed by IPC and its agents, under the terms and subject to the conditions included in any LGIA executed by IPC and Interconnection Customer. Overhead costs cover the indirect costs associated with the Project and may vary from time to time.

The estimated cost below is required to be paid in full by the Interconnection Customer, or other arrangements acceptable to IPC are made with IPC's Credit Department, prior to IPC commencing construction on the project.

Description	Ownership	Cost Estimate
IPC Interconnection Facilities:		
Facilities between the Point of Change of Ownership and Point of		
Interconnection as described in Section 1.5	IPC	\$850,529
Contingency 10%		\$85,053
Overheads 4.5%		\$42,101
TOTAL	,	\$977,683
Network Upgrades to IPC Substation		
Upgrades at existing and		
Communication sites as described in Section 5.2	IPC	\$9,949,881
Contingency 10%		\$994,988
Overheads 4.5%		\$492,519
TOTAL	,	\$11,437,388
GRAND TOTAL	\$12,415,072	

Estimated Cost:

Note price does not include cost of land

Note Regarding Transmission Service:

This FSR is a study of a request for an Energy Resource Interconnection Service. This FSR identifies the facilities necessary to connect the Generating Facility to IPC's Transmission System and be eligible to deliver the Generating Facility's output using the existing firm or non-firm capacity of the Transmission System on an "as available" basis. Energy Resource Interconnection Service does not in and of itself convey any right to transmission service or to deliver electricity to any specific customer or Point of Delivery.

Note Regarding LGIA:

This FSR is a study and preliminary evaluation only and does not constitute, or form the basis of, a definitive agreement related to the matters described in this FSR. Unless and until a LGIA is executed by IPC and Interconnection Customer, no party will have any legal rights or obligations, express or implied, related to the subject matter of this FSR.

Appendix A

Generation Interconnection Control Requirements

A.1 Generator Output Limit Control (GOLC)

A.1.1 IPC requires Interconnected Power Producers to accept GOLC signals from IPC's energy management system ("EMS").

A.1.2 The GOLC signals will consist of four points shared between the IPC EMS (via the IPC RTU) and the Interconnection Customer's Generator Controller ("SGC"). The IPC RTU will be the master and the SGC will be the slave.

A.1.2.1 GOLC Setpoint: An analog output that contains the MW value the Interconnection Customer should curtail to, should a GOLC request be made via the GOLC On/Off discrete output Control point.A.1.2.1.1 An Analog Input feedback point must be updated (to reflect the GOLC setpoint value) by the SGC upon the SGC's receipt of the GOLC setpoint change, with no intentional delay.

A.1.2.2 GOLC On/Off: A discrete output (DO) control point with pulsing Trip/Close controls. Following a "GOLC On" control (DNP Control Code "Close/Pulse On"), the SGC will run power output back to the MW value specified in the GOLC Setpoint. Following a "GOLC Off" control (DNP Control Code "Trip/Pulse On"), the Interconnection Customer is free to run to maximum possible output.

A.1.2.2.1 A Discrete Input (DI) feedback point must be updated (to reflect the last GOLC DO Control Code received) by the SGC upon the SGC's receipt of the GOLC DO control, with no intentional delay. The feedback DI should latch to an OFF state following the receipt of a "GOLC OFF" control and it should latch to an ON state following the receipt of an "GOLC ON" control.

A.1.3 If a GOLC control is issued, it is expected to see MW reductions start within 1 minute and plant output to be below the GOLC Setpoint value within 10 minutes.

A.2 Voltage Control

A.2.1 IPC requires Transmission-Interconnected Power Producers to accept voltage control signals from IPC's EMS when they are connected to IPC's transmission system.

A.2.2 The voltage control will consist of one setpoint and one feedback point shared between the IPC EMS and the SGC.

A.2.3 The setpoint will contain the desired target voltage for plant operation. This setpoint will have a valid control range between 0.95 and 1.05 per unit ("p.u.") of nominal system voltage.

A.2.4 The control will always be active, there is no digital supervisory point like the Curtail On/Off control above.

A.2.4.1 When a setpoint change is issued an Analog Input feedback point must be updated (to reflect the voltage control setpoint value) by the SGC upon the SGC's receipt of the voltage control setpoint change, with no intentional delay.

A.2.4.2 When a setpoint change is received by the SGC, the voltage control system should react with no intentional delay.

A.2.4.3 The voltage control system should operate at the voltage indicated by the setpoint with an accuracy of $\pm 0.5\%$ of the nominal system voltage.

A.2.5 The Interconnection Customer should supervise this control by setting up "reasonability limits", i.e., configure a reasonable range of values for this control to be valid. As an example, they will accept anything in the valid control range (between 0.95 and 1.05 p.u.) but reject values outside this range. If they were fed an erroneous value outside the valid range, their control system would default to the last known, good value.

A.3 Generation Interconnection Data Points Requirements

	Digital Inputs to IPC (DNP Obj. 01, Var. 2)								
Index	Description	State (0/1)	Comments:						
			Feedback provided by						
0	GOLC Off/On (Control Feedback)	Off/On	Interconnection Customer						
	FREQUENCY RESPONSE OFF/ON		Feedback provided by						
1	(Control Feedback)	Off/On	Interconnection Customer						
	52A Interconnection Customer Main Breaker								
2	(if present)	Open/Closed	Sourced at substation						
	52A Interconnection Customer Capacitor								
3	Breaker (if present)	Open/Closed	Sourced at substation						

	Digital Outputs to Interconnection Customer (DNP Obj. 12, Var. 1)						
Index	Description	Comments:					
0	GOLC Off/On	Control issued by IPC					
1	Frequency Response Off/On	Control issued by IPC					

	Analog Inputs to IPC (DNP Obj. 30, Var. 2)								
		Raw	Raw	EU	EU	EU			
Index	Description	High	Low	High	Low	Units	Comments:		
							Provided by		
	GOLC Setpoint Value Received		-				Interconnection		
0	(Feedback)	32767	32768	TBD	TBD	MW	Customer		
							Provided by		
	Voltage Control Setpoint Value Rec'd		-				Interconnection		
1	(Feedback)	32767	32768	TBD	TBD	kV	Customer		
							Provided by		
			-				Interconnection		
2	Maximum Park Generating Capacity	32767	32768	TBD	TBD	MW	Customer		
							Provided by		
			-			DEG	Interconnection		
3	Ambient Temperature	32767	32768	327.67	-327.68	С	Customer		
						Deg	Provided by		
			-			from	Interconnection		
4	Wind Direction	32767	32768	327.67	-327.68	North	Customer		
							Provided by		
			-				Interconnection		
5	Wind Speed	32767	32768	327.67	-327.68	M/S	Customer		

							Provided by
			-				Interconnection
6	Relative Humidity	32767	32768	TBD	TBD	%	Customer
7	SPARE						
8	SPARE						
							Provided by
			-				Interconnection
9	Number of Turbines In High Speed Cutout	32767	32768	32767	-32768	Units	Customer
10	SPARE						
11	SPARE						
12	SPARE						
13	SPARE						
14	SPARE						
15	SPARE						
16	SPARE						
17	SPARE						

	Analog Outputs to Interconnection Customer (DNP Obj. 41, Var. 2)								
		Raw		EU	EU	EU			
Index	Description	High	Raw Low	High	Low	Units	Comments:		
0	GOLC Setpoint	32767	-32768	TBD	TBD	MW	Control issued by IPC		
1	Voltage Control Setpoint	32767	-32768	TBD	TBD	kV	Control issued by IPC		
2	SPARE								
3	SPARE								
4	SPARE								
5	SPARE								
6	SPARE								
7	SPARE								
8	SPARE			I					
9	SPARE								

Appendix B

IPC Survey Requirements

- Is the Grantor's Deed Instrument No. noted in the Exhibit 'A' Legal Description or Exhibit 'B' Survey Map?
- Are the Section, Township, Range, and County information clearly stated on the Exhibits?
- □ Is the Basis of Bearings between found monuments called out and noted on the Exhibits?
- Are the Point of Commencement, Point of Beginning and or Point of Terminus shown on the Exhibits?
- Do all lines have a bearing and distance associated with them on the Exhibits?
- All lines need bounding calls to Grantor's ownership lines, Rights-of-Way, etc. in Exhibit A.
- Are the Subdivision names, lot & block, and streets labeled on the Exhibit B?
- Are any existing Utility Easements adjoining this Easement called out and shown on the Exhibits?
- □ Is the map scale noted and is there a North arrow shown on the Exhibit B?
- On a strip easement is the width given and does it call to form a closed figure in the Exhibit A?
- Does the Parcel description close?

Are the reference surveys of record or CP&Fs used to prepare the easement called out and shown on the Exhibits?

A Professional Land Surveyor or Engineer in responsible charge must stamp, sign and date the exhibits for submission.

A copy of the current Deed of Record for the Grantor is needed for submission.

Appendix C

Idaho Power Company – Corporate Real Estate Department Fee Parcel Acquisition and/or Easement Parcel Acquisition Requirements for Developers

Idaho Power Company Corporate Real Estate Department Requirements of Developers for Interconnection Facility/Substation Land for Development of Idaho Power Company Interconnection Facilities Fee Acquisition

Allow a minimum of six months time frame for land transaction portion of the project – may be longer depending on project specifics.

- 1. <u>**Right of Entry Agreement**</u>. A Right-of-Entry Agreement is attached and will allow Idaho Power to conduct necessary studies and review of the property and substation lands to determine feasibility for development. This document is required to be signed by the underlying property owner as soon as possible and will allow the preliminary stages of project development to commence pending completion of the transfer of substation lands to Idaho Power.
- 2. Purchase and Sale Agreement Warranty Deed Access Easement Power Line <u>Easements</u>. Idaho Power requires the substation land be provided in a form of fee ownership acceptable to Idaho Power. A Purchase and Sale Agreement is attached and provides the terms for the fee ownership transaction. The Purchase and Sale Agreement includes a Warranty Deed for the transfer of the substation land to Idaho Power, a form of Access Easement for access to the substation land, and forms of transmission and distribution easements. Individual forms are attached, as well.
- 3. <u>Land Division (if needed)</u>. Should a division of land be necessary to separate the substation parcel from an underlying, larger property ("Property"), Developer will be required to submit application to the County for the land division and to ensure the satisfaction of all conditions to complete the land division.
- 4. <u>Title Commitment</u>. Idaho Power requires that Developer ensure the substation lands and access easement over the Property are free from any encumbrances to title. To meet this requirement, a Title Commitment with A.L.T.A. extended coverage owner's policy in Idaho Power's name is required. All exceptions to title insurance need to be provided with the Title Commitment for Idaho Power review. Upon receipt, Idaho Power will review all exceptions and will advise of any necessary follow-up actions. Importantly, Idaho Power requires a form of ownership that is free and clear from all encumbrances and will require the developer to complete title curative measures as Idaho Power deems necessary.
- 5. <u>Survey</u>. An A.L.T.A survey for the substation parcel, and which includes the access easement is required. The A.L.T.A. survey will be reviewed by Idaho Power's surveyor who will advise of any necessary revisions.

- 6. <u>Legal Descriptions</u>. Written legal descriptions, stamped and signed by a surveyor licensed in the state of Idaho, are required for the substation parcel, access easement area, and all distribution/transmission line easement parcels. The written legal descriptions will be reviewed by Idaho Power's surveyor who will advise of any necessary revisions.
- 7. <u>Phase I Study</u>. Developer shall provide Idaho Power with a Phase I study prepared by an independent environmental site assessment company, in Idaho Power's name, which recognizes Idaho Power as the purchaser of the substation parcel and User of the Phase I report, and which provides warranties to Idaho Power for the substation parcel and access easement areas. The Phase I study will be reviewed by Idaho Power and Idaho Power will advise if a Phase II or other necessary actions or required based on the results of the Phase I study.
- 8. <u>Public Lands Permits or Authorizations (if needed)</u>. Should any agency lands, rights-of-way, etc. be affected by the granting of land and easement rights to Idaho Power, Developer shall be responsible to any secure necessary agency authorizations or permits in Idaho Power's name, at Developer's sole cost and expense. Developer shall be responsible to ensure all conditions of approval are satisfied, fees are paid, etc.
- 9. Land Use Permits or Authorizations. Developer shall be responsible to secure any necessary land use entitlements or authorizations from the local jurisdiction, local agencies, state of Idaho, or Federal or other agencies to allow the development of the substation parcel, access road and ancillary transmission or distribution lines and facilities (example: Conditional Use Permit from city or county). Any such authorizations shall be secured in Idaho Power's name and for the benefit of Idaho Power. Idaho Power will require the Developer to satisfy all conditions of approval and requirements for any such entitlement or authorization.
- 10. <u>Costs</u>. Any costs pertaining to the above items shall be at the Developer's sole cost and expense.
- 11. <u>Miscellaneous Documents</u>. Other miscellaneous documents as necessary for the project such as Memorandums of Agreement/Understanding, etc.