

FINAL Generator Interconnection Facility Study Report

for the



2/16/2022

{00197701.DOCX; 1}

FACILITY STUDY REPORT (FSR)

Project #549 2/16/2022

1. General Facility Description

("Interconnection Customer") has stated that the proposed project will consist of 100 MW photovoltaic and 20 MW battery energy storage system (BESS) installation in Twin Falls County, Idaho and connect to the 345kV system at Idaho Power Company (IPC)'s Rogerson Switching Station on the transmission line. The total project output as studied is 100 MW.

Contact Information for Interconnection Customer is as follows:



A Standard Large Generator Interconnection Agreement (the "LGIA") under IPC's Open Access Transmission Tariff (OATT) between Interconnection Customer and IPC – Delivery ("Transmission Provider") for the Project Project, specifically Generator Interconnection Project #549 ("Project"), will be prepared for this project. The LGIA will be a definitive agreement that contains terms and conditions that supersedes this FSR.

Project Queue and Affected Systems:

As of the date of this report, there are projects in the queue (GI numbers 502, 503, 513, 514, 517 and 523; and an associated transmission service request [TSR] #88754178) ahead of for which costs related to network upgrades or additions could be passed on to should changes be made to their queue position or generation output.

The recommended upgrades for GI numbers 502, 503, 513, 514, 517 and 523; and associated TSR #88754178 were assumed to be completed prior to the interconnection of the Project. For this and other reasons, the cost estimates included in this FSR are estimates only, are based on currently known or assumed facts that may not be accurate or materialize and are subject to change.

1.1 Interconnection Point

The Interconnection Facilities are located in IPC's Southern region in Township **1**, Range and Section **1** and is approximately **1** miles north of the Nevada-Idaho border. The Point of Interconnection ("POI") for the Project will be the node on the 345kV ring bus between air-break

switches and at Rogerson Switching Station. A drawing identifying the POI is attached as Exhibit 1.

1.2 Point of Change of Ownership

The Point of Change of Ownership for the Project will be on the Interconnection Customer's side of air-break switch at IPC's Rogerson Switching Station. A drawing identifying the Point of Change of Ownership is attached as Exhibit 1.

1.3 Interconnection Customer's Interconnection and Generation Facilities

The Interconnection Customer's Interconnection Facilities are located approximately to the northwest from IPC's Interconnection Facilities. The Interconnection Customer will install solar arrays, batteries, inverters, disconnect switches, distribution collector system(s), transformers (including a main step-up transformer), controllers, appropriate grounding measures, and associated auxiliary equipment. The main step-up transformer is a 67/89.3/111.7 MVA. 3-phase, 345/34.5kV wye-grounded/wye-grounded with a delta tertiary and should provide adequate ground source for transmission line protection. Interconnection Customer will build 345kV transmission facilities to the Point of Change of Ownership.

The Interconnection Customer's system will be constructed as follows:

- 1. The photovoltaic inverter system will comprise of 35 inverters, with each inverter having an apparent power rating of 3,150 kVA.
- 2. 35 photovoltaic inverter stations will each comprise of one utility inverter and a 3,150 KVA isolating transformer with a 630V grounded-wye to 34.5kV delta rating.
- 3. The BESS inverter system will comprise of 7 inverters, with each inverter having an apparent power rating of 3,600 kVA.
- 4. 7 BESS inverter stations will each comprise of one utility inverter and a 3,600 KVA isolating transformer with a 630V grounded-wye to 34.5kV delta rating.
- 5. A plant controller will be used to control the inverter system and to implement smart inverter functionality for operating the project within a voltage range and power factor specified by IPC at the POI.

The above referenced inverters, or equivalent inverters that have the same specifications and functionality as stated above must be utilized. If an inverter is utilized that has different specifications and functionality than that which was studied, then additional study and/or equipment may be necessary.

The Project is a combined solar and BESS generation project. It has been assumed the BESS will be charged via the solar output. The Interconnection Customer will need to demonstrate the operating procedures and control measures which prevents the BESS from being charged via IPC's transmission system. However, if the intent is also to be able to charge the BESS via IPC's transmission system, the Interconnection Customer will need to make an IPC Large Load Service request.

1.4 Other Facilities Provided by Interconnection Customer

1.4.1 Telecommunications

The Interconnection Customer is not responsible for any third party communication circuits for the IPC Interconnection Facilities and Network Upgrades. Any additional

telecommunication requirements will be the sole responsibility of the Interconnection Customer.

1.4.2 Ground Fault Equipment

The Interconnection Customer will install transformer configurations that will provide a ground source to the transmission system.

1.4.3 Generator Output Limit Control

The Interconnection Customer will install equipment to receive signals from IPC Grid Operations for Generation Output Limit Control ("GOLC") - see Section 3 Operating Requirements and Appendix A. IPC's recommended method of communication for GOLC is via fiber between the Interconnection Station and the Project.

1.4.4 Local Service

The Interconnection Customer is responsible to arrange for local service to their site, as necessary.

1.4.5 Property

All IPC's Interconnection Facilities will be installed within the existing Rogerson Switching Station property. Requirements pertaining to rights of way and/or easements for the Interconnection Customer's Interconnection Facilities on IPC property will be addressed in the LGIA.

1.4.6 Site Work

The Interconnection Customer is not responsible for site work for any IPC facilities.

1.4.7 Monitoring Information

If the Interconnection Customer requires the ability to monitor information related to the IPC breaker/relay (i.e., Mirrored Bits) in the interconnection station, they are required to supply their own communications circuit to the interface area of the interconnection yard. The fiber communication circuit used for GOLC is acceptable.

1.4.8 Meteorological Data

In order to integrate the solar energy into the IPC system and operate IPC's solar forecasting tool, the Interconnection Customer must provide solar irradiation and weather data from the Project's physical location to IPC via real time telemetry in a form acceptable to IPC. The associated cost for obtaining this data is the Interconnection Customer's responsibility.

The data must be provided at 10 second intervals and consist of:

- 1. Global Horizontal Irradiance
- 2. Plane of Array Irradiance
- 3. Ambient Temperature
- 4. Wind Speed and Wind Direction
- 5. Relative Humidity

The installed instruments must equal or exceed the specifications of the following instruments:

Temperature and Relative Humidity: R.M Young Relative Humidity and Temperature Probe Sensors Model 41382

Wind: R.M Young Wind Monitor Model 05103 *Pryanometer*: Apogee Instruments Model SP-230

1.4.10 Generator Technical Information & Drawings

Interconnection Customer shall provide draft design prints during FSR development containing technical information, like impedances, and equipment brand and models. After construction, the Interconnection Customer shall submit to IPC all the as-built information, including prints with the latest approved technical information and commissioning test results.

1.5 IPC's Interconnection Facilities

IPC will install a meter, a dead-end structure, 345kV air break switch, three CTs, three CCVTs, three line arresters, foundations and cabling in the IPC Rogerson Switching Station yard to allow the Interconnection Customer to interconnect the Project. IPC will install facilities up to the Point of Change of Ownership.

IPC will install equipment to collect Phasor Measurement Unit (PMU) data and manually retrieve the data as necessary. The data can be made available to the Interconnection Customer on request.

The minimum acceptable PMU message rate is 30 samples per second. The minimum set of PMU measurement channels recorded at the POI is shown below. Additional or substitute channels may be required on a per case basis depending on the interconnection configuration and facility design details.

- Frequency
- <u>Frequency Delta (dF/dt)</u>
- <u>Positive Sequence Voltage Magnitude</u>
- Positive Sequence Voltage Angle
- <u>Positive Sequence Current Magnitude</u>
- Positive Sequence Current Angle

2. Estimated Milestones

These milestones will begin, and the construction schedule referenced below will only be valid, upon receipt of funding from Interconnection Customer or its authorized third party no later than the date set forth below for such payment. IPC will not commit any resources toward Project construction that have not been funded by Interconnection Customer. Additionally, failure by Interconnection Customer to make the required payments as set forth in this Study by the date(s) specified below may result in the loss of milestone dates and construction schedules set forth below. In the event that the Interconnection Customer is unable to meet dates as outlined below, Interconnection Customer may request an extension of the Operation Date of up to three (3) years. Interconnection Customer's request will be evaluated by IPC to ensure Interconnection Queue. Such extension will be allowed only if IPC determines, in its sole discretion, that the extension will not negatively impact other projects in IPC's Generator Interconnection will not negatively impact other projects in customer.

Estimated Date	Responsible Party	Estimated Milestones
[DATE]	Interconnection Customer	IPC receives Notice to Proceed and construction funding or arrangements acceptable to IPC are made with IPC's Credit Department
24 months after construction funds received	IPC	IPC Engineering and Design Complete
24 months after construction funds received	IPC	IPC Long Lead Material Procured
6 months prior to IPC Commissioning	IPC	New generation must be modeled and submitted to the Western Energy Imbalance Market a minimum of 6 months prior to coming online, failure to submit by given lead time will results in project delay.
36 months after construction funds received	IPC	IPC Construction Complete
38 months after construction funds received	IPC	IPC Commissioning Complete
5 days after switching request made to IPC Dispatch	Interconnection Customer	Switch at the Point of Interconnection can be closed
TBD	IPC	Notification from IPC's Energy Contracting Coordinator confirming First Energy of Non- Firm Output
TBD	Interconnection Customer	Interconnection Customer testing begins
TBD	IPC	Notification from IPC's Energy Contracting Coordinator confirming Operation Date (pending all requirements are met) of Firm Network Resource Output

IPC does not warrant or guarantee the foregoing estimated milestone dates, which are estimates only. These milestone dates assume, among other things, that materials can be timely procured, labor resources are available, and that outages to the existing transmission system are available to be scheduled. Additionally, there are several matters, such as permitting issues and the performance of subcontractors that are outside the control of IPC that could delay the estimated Operation Date. For purposes of example only, federal, state, or local permitting, land division approval, identification of Interconnection Facilities location, access to proposed Interconnection Facilities location for survey and geotechnical investigation, coordination of design and construction with the Interconnection Customer, failure of IPC's vendors to timely perform services or deliver goods, and delays in payment from Interconnection Customer, may result in delays of any estimated milestone and the Operation Date of the project. To the extent any of the foregoing are outside of the reasonable control of IPC, they shall be deemed Force Majeure events.

3. Operating Requirements

The Project is required to comply with the applicable Voltage and Current Distortion Limits found in IEEE Standard 519-2014 *IEEE Recommended Practices and requirements for harmonic Control in Electrical Power Systems* or any subsequent standards as they may be updated from time to time.

The Project will be subject to reductions directed by IPC Grid Operations during transmission system contingencies and other reliability events. When these conditions occur, the Project will be subject to Generator Output Limit Control ("GOLC") and will have equipment capable of receiving an analog setpoint via DNP 3.0 from IPC for GOLC. Generator Output Limit Control will be accomplished with a setpoint and discrete output control from IPC to the Project indicating maximum output allowed. For more detail see Appendix A.

Low Voltage Ride Through: The Project must be capable of riding through faults on adjacent sections of the power system without tripping due to low voltage. The interconnection projects must meet or exceed the Low Voltage Ride-Through requirements as set forth in NERC Standard PRC-024.

Frequency Response Requirements: The Project must be capable of providing Fast Frequency Response for both positive and negative frequency deviations from 60Hz (+/- 0.036 Hz) for Bulk Electric System disturbances. The required frequency response will be linear for a deviation of 0 to +/- 0.1 Hz, a response of 0% to 3% of generator capacity, with a maximum required response of 3% of generator's full capacity for as long as the generator is able to provide support or the frequency deviation is reduced to within stated limits, whichever occurs first. Provided that the Project meets the above Fast Frequency Response requirements, Company shall not curtail the Interconnection Customer when such curtailments are caused by a need to comply with applicable Frequency Responsive reliability standards.

Momentary Cessation Requirements: Momentary cessation should not be used within the voltage and frequency ride-through curves specified in PRC-024. Use of momentary cessation is not considered "ride through" within the "No Trip" zone curves of PRC-024. The use of momentary cessation should be eliminated to the extent possible consistent with NERC's *Reliability Guideline for BPS-Connected Inverter-Based Resource Performance*

In digital equipment, frequency should be calculated over a period-of-time (e.g., three to six cycles) and filtered to take control action on the fundamental frequency component of the calculated signal. Calculated frequency must not be susceptible to spikes caused by phase jumps on the Bulk Electric System.

Interconnection Customer will be able to modify power plant facilities on the Interconnection Customer side of the Point of Change of Ownership with no impact upon the operation of the transmission or distribution system whenever the generation facilities are electrically isolated from the system via the switch, and a terminal clearance is issued by IPC's Grid Operator.

4. Reactive Power

It is the Project's responsibility to provide reactive power capability to have a power factor operating range of at least 0.95 leading (absorbing) to at least 0.95 lagging (supplying) at the high side of the generator substation over the range of real power output (up to maximum output of the project) and for all modes of operations (solar generation only, combined solar/BESS (charging and discharging), and BESS generation only).

The Project must have equipment capable of receiving an analog setpoint, via DNP 3.0, from IPC for Voltage Control. IPC will issue an operating voltage schedule for the Project at the time the LGIA is executed. For more detail see Appendix A.

5. Network Upgrades

5.1 Upgrades to the Distribution System

No upgrades required

5.2 Network Upgrades to Substations

The three-position 345kV ring bus at Rogerson Switching Station will be modified to a fourposition bus by installing two 345kV air break switches on existing structures, and one 345kV circuit breaker installed on a new concrete foundation and associated relaying/control/communications equipment in a control building, bus, grounding, conduit, and conductor for such equipment.

5.3 Network Upgrades to the Transmission System

No upgrades required

6. Estimated Costs

The following good faith estimates are provided in 2022 dollars and are based on a number of assumptions and conditions. IPC does not warrant or guarantee the estimated costs in the table below, which are estimates only and are subject to change. Interconnection Customer will be responsible for all actual costs incurred in connection with the work to be performed by IPC and its agents, under the terms and subject to the conditions included in any LGIA executed by IPC and Interconnection Customer.

The estimated cost below is required to be paid in full by the Interconnection Customer, or other arrangements acceptable to IPC are made with IPC's Credit Department, prior to IPC commencing construction on the project.

Description	Ownership	Cost Estimate
IPC Interconnection Facilities:		
Install Interconnection Facilities as described in Section 1.5	IPC	\$916,524
Contingency 10%		\$91,652
Overheads 7.25%		\$73,093
SUBTOTAL		\$1,081,269
Network Upgrades to IPC Rogerson Switching Station:		
Convert 345kV ring bus from 3-position to 4-position design	IPC	\$666,598
Contingency 10%		\$66,660
Overheads 7.25%		\$53,161

Estimated Cost:

SUBTOTAL		\$786,419
GRAND TOTAL	\$1,867,688	
	\$1,007,000	

Note Regarding Transmission Service:

This FSR is a study of a request for Network Resource Interconnection Service. This FSR identifies the facilities necessary to provide such service. Network Resource Interconnection Service in and of itself does not convey any right to transmission service or to deliver electricity to any specific customer or Point of Delivery.

Note Regarding LGIA:

This FSR is a study and preliminary evaluation only and does not constitute, or form the basis of, a definitive agreement related to the matters described in this FSR. Unless and until a LGIA is executed by IPC and Interconnection Customer, no party will have any legal rights or obligations, express or implied, related to the subject matter of this FSR.

Appendix A

Generation Interconnection Control Requirements

A.1 Generator Output Limit Control (GOLC)

A.1.1 IPC requires Interconnected Power Producers to accept GOLC signals from IPC's energy management system ("EMS").

A.1.2 The GOLC signals will consist of four points shared between the IPC EMS (via the IPC RTU) and the Interconnection Customer's Generator Controller ("ICGC"). The IPC RTU will be the master and the ICGC will be the slave.

A.1.2.1 GOLC Setpoint: An analog output that contains the MW value the Interconnection Customer should curtail to, should a GOLC request be made via the GOLC On/Off discrete output Control point.
A.1.2.1.1 An Analog Input feedback point must be updated (to reflect the GOLC setpoint value) by the ICGC upon the ICGC's receipt of the GOLC setpoint change, with no intentional delay.

A.1.2.2 GOLC On/Off: A discrete output (DO) control point with pulsing Trip/Close controls. Following a "GOLC On" control (DNP Control Code "Close/Pulse On"), the ICGC will run power output back to the MW value specified in the GOLC Setpoint. Following a "GOLC Off" control (DNP Control Code "Trip/Pulse On"), the Interconnection Customer is free to run to maximum possible output.

A.1.2.2.1 A Discrete Input (DI) feedback point must be updated (to reflect the last GOLC DO Control Code received) by the ICGC upon the ICGC's receipt of the GOLC DO control, with no intentional delay. The feedback DI should latch to an OFF state following the receipt of a "GOLC OFF" control and it should latch to an ON state following the receipt of an "GOLC ON" control.

A.1.3 If a GOLC control is issued, it is expected to see MW reductions start within 1 minute and plant output to be below the GOLC Setpoint value within 10 minutes.

A.2 Voltage Control

A.2.1 IPC requires Transmission-Interconnected Power Producers to accept voltage control signals from IPC's EMS when they are connected to IPC's transmission system.

A.2.2 The voltage control will consist of one setpoint and one feedback point shared between the IPC EMS and the ICGC.

A.2.3 The setpoint will contain the desired target voltage for plant operation. This setpoint will have a valid control range between 0.95 and 1.05 per unit ("p.u.") of nominal system voltage.

A.2.4 The control will always be active, there is no digital supervisory point like the Curtail On/Off control above.

A.2.4.1 When a setpoint change is issued an Analog Input feedback point must be updated (to reflect the voltage control setpoint value) by the ICGC upon the ICGC's receipt of the voltage control setpoint change, with no intentional delay.

A.2.4.2 When a setpoint change is received by the ICGC, the voltage control system should react with no intentional delay.

A.2.4.3 The voltage control system should operate at the voltage indicated by the setpoint with an accuracy of $\pm 0.5\%$ of the nominal system voltage.

A.2.5 The Interconnection Customer should supervise this control by setting up "reasonability limits", i.e., configure a reasonable range of values for this control to be valid. As an example, they will accept anything in the valid control range (between 0.95 and 1.05 p.u.) but reject values outside this range. If they

were fed an erroneous value outside the valid range, their control system would default to the last known, good value.

A.3 Generation Interconnection Data Points Requirements

Digital Inputs to IPC (DNP Obj. 01, Var. 2)								
Index	Description	State (0/1)	Comments:					
			Feedback provided by					
0	GOLC Off/On (Control Feedback)	Off/On	Interconnection Customer					
	FREQUENCY RESPONSE OFF/ON		Feedback provided by					
1	(Control Feedback)	Off/On	Interconnection Customer					
	52A Interconnection Customer Main Breaker							
2	(if present)	Open/Closed	Sourced at substation					
	52A Interconnection Customer Capacitor							
3	Breaker (if present)	Open/Closed	Sourced at substation					

Digital Outputs to Interconnection Customer(DNP Obj. 12, Var. 1)							
Index	Index Description Comments:						
0	GOLC Off/On	Control issued by IPC					
1	Frequency Response Off/On	Control issued by IPC					

Analog Inputs to IPC (DNP Obj. 30, Var. 2)								
	<u> </u>	Raw	Raw	EU	EU	EU		
Index	Description	High	Low	High	Low	Units	Comments:	
							Provided by	
	GOLC Setpoint Value Received		-				Interconnection	
0	(Feedback)	32767	32768	TBD	TBD	MW	Customer	
							Provided by	
	Voltage Control Setpoint Value Rec'd		-				Interconnection	
1	(Feedback)	32767	32768	TBD	TBD	kV	Customer	
							Provided by	
			-				Interconnection	
2	Maximum Park Generating Capacity	32767	32768	TBD	TBD	MW	Customer	
							Provided by	
			-				Interconnection	
3	Ambient Temperature	32767	32768	327.67	-327.68	DEG C	Customer	
						Deg	Provided by	
			-			from	Interconnection	
4	Wind Direction	32767	32768	327.67	-327.68	North	Customer	
							Provided by	
			-				Interconnection	
5	Wind Speed	32767	32768	327.67	-327.68	M/S	Customer	
							Provided by	
			-				Interconnection	
6	Relative Humidity	32767	32768	TBD	TBD	%	Customer	
							Provided by	
			-				Interconnection	
7	Global Horizontal Irradiance	32767	32768	TBD	TBD	W/M^2	Customer	
	10							

			-				Provided by Interconnection
8	Plane of Array Irradiance	32767	32768	TBD	TBD	W/M^2	Customer
9	SPARE						
10	SPARE						
11	SPARE						
12	SPARE						
13	SPARE						
14	SPARE						
15	SPARE						
16	SPARE						
17	SPARE						

	Analog Outputs to Interconnection Customer(DNP Obj. 41, Var. 2)									
		Raw	Raw	EU	EU	EU				
Index	Description	High	Low	High	Low	Units	Comments:			
0	GOLC Setpoint	32767	-32768	TBD	TBD	MW	Control issued by IPC			
1	Voltage Control Setpoint	32767	-32768	TBD	TBD	kV	Control issued by IPC			
2	SPARE									
3	SPARE									
4	SPARE									
5	SPARE									
6	SPARE									
7	SPARE									
8	SPARE									
9	SPARE									